

**WAR MEMORIES ACROSS CANADA:
SITES OF THE FIRST WORLD WAR
ARCHIVAL SOURCES AND PHOTO CREDITS**



Valcartier Training Camp
Courtesy of: Regimental Museum of Les Fusiliers Mont-Royal

Canada



Royal Roads
UNIVERSITY



War Heritage Research Initiative
Initiative de recherche du patrimoine
de la guerre
warheritage.royalroads.ca

Credits by Vignette

Soldier Factory - Valcartier, Quebec	2
The Day they Marched to War: 26th Battalion Canadian Expeditionary Force, Saint John, New Brunswick.....	4
First World War Internment - Banff and Castle Mountain, Alberta & Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	5
Training Polish Soldiers, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario	6
Dominion Arsenal, Artillery Park National Historic Site, Quebec City, Quebec	7
War Horses - Bar U Ranch National Historic Site, Longview, Alberta	8
Chinese Labour Corps - William Head Institution, Metchosin, BC	9
The Explosion, Halifax, Nova Scotia	10
The Sniper from Rigolet - Lance Corporal John Shiwak, Royal Newfoundland Regiment, Rigolet, Labrador.....	11
War Trophies, Sites in Prince Edward Island	12
Heart of the Nation, Peace Tower Parliament Hil, Ottawa, Ontario.....	13

Map used throughout War Memories across Canada

Natural Resources Canada. (1915) *Atlas of Canada* (2nd edition).

Territorial Divisions:

<http://geogratis.gc.ca/api/en/nrcan-rncan/ess-sst/1540748e-b0ac-5f39-b462-de82a21e8148.html>

Soldier Factory - Valcartier, Quebec

Photo: [Valcartier tents] Courtesy of Regimental Museum of Les Fusiliers Mont-Royal
Photo: General view of Valcartier Camp, ca. 1914 – 1915. Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033
Photo: Lieutenant Colonel W. McBain and Colonel Sam Hughes, 1914. Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033
Photo: Bayonet drill, ca. 1914 – 1915. Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033
Photo: Valcartier Camp - artillery military operations, 1914. Source: Library and Archives Canada/Item: 16208-6/MIKAN: 3337052
Photo: [Leaving Quebec, ca. 1914-1915] Source: Canadian Forces Base Valcartier
Photo: Artillery, prior to loading aboard ship at Quebec, September 1914. Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033
Photo: Major General Sir Sam Hughes in his office, 1914-1915. Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033
Photo: General view of Valcartier Camp, September 1914. Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033
[Valcartier panorama photo, ca. 1914-1915] Source: Canadian Forces Base Valcartier
Photo: Major General Sir Sam Hughes, 1914 – 1915. Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033
Photo: Colonel Sam Hughes about to throw a bundle of personal letters aboard one of the transports with Colonel W. McBain, seated, 1914. Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033
Colonel Sam Hughes watching Sergeant Hawkins demonstrating the MacAdam Shovel (Shield), September 1915 Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033
Colonel Hughes and Lieutenant Colonel Loomis examining bullet marks on MacAdam Shield, September 1915. Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033
Photo: Army Service Corps waiting to embark at Quebec, The War Pictorial...(ca.1914 – 1915) Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033

<p>Photo: Bayonet drill, ca. 1914-1915. Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033</p>
<p>Photo: Signalers of the 5th Royal Highlanders, September 1914. Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033</p>
<p>Photo: 10th Battalion (from Calgary and Winnipeg) on Salisbury Plains, England (1914-1915). Source: Source: Glenbow Museum/ NA-4927-1</p>
<p>Photo: Firing from the trenches, September 1914. Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033</p>
<p>Photo: Artillery leaving Valcartier on long march to Quebec, September 1914. Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033</p>
<p>Photo: Royal Canadian Artillery coming into camp Valcartier, August 1914 Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033</p>

The Day they Marched to War: 26th Battalion Canadian Expeditionary Force, Saint John, New Brunswick

Film: 26 th Battalion Reel: Prince of Wales Presentation of the Colours to the 26 Battalion and Prince of Wales Visit (1916 – 1917). Access # 84-87; Item no.4 on cassette Universal Animated Weekly Special Newsreel Courtesy of New Brunswick Military Heritage Project, Gregg Centre for the Study of War and Society University of New Brunswick
Photo: Harry W. Ferguson. Source: Veterans Affairs Canada
Postcard: 26th Battalion Saint John Fusiliers Leaving Saint John, New Brunswick (1915) Source: New Brunswick Museum/1988.67.16
Photo: Part of Old Portland Across the Valley, Showing Part of Old Freight Shed, Saint John, New Brunswick, 1900. Source: New Brunswick Museum/Credit: James Ramsay Woodburn/X15939
Photo: 26th Battalion Saint John Fusiliers Aboard the Transport, Caledonia, 13 June 1915 Source: New Brunswick Museum/Credit: D. Smith Reid/19693
Photo: Transport Caledonia, 26th Battalion Saint John Fusiliers and Ammunition Column, Canadian Expeditionary Forces, Saint John, New Brunswick, 13 June 1915. Source: New Brunswick Museum/ Credit: D. Smith Reid/19694
Photo: Scene on Transport, Caledonia, 26th Battalion Saint John Fusiliers Leaving for Overseas, Saint John, New Brunswick, 13 June 1915. Source: New Brunswick Museum/19692
Photo: Transport Caledonia Leaving Saint John, New Brunswick, with 26th Battalion, 13 June 1915. Source: New Brunswick Museum/Credit: Reid Studio/1989.125.3

First World War Internment - Banff and Castle Mountain, Alberta & Saskatoon, Saskatchewan

Photo: Guards watch internees at Castle Mountain Internment Camp, Banff, Alberta [ca. 1916] Source: Glenbow Museum/NC-54-4336
Photo: Prisoners near internment camp, Castle Mountain, Alberta. 1915. Source: Glenbow Museum/NA-1870-7
Photo: [Internees walking in winter] Source: Canadian First World War Internment Recognition Fund
Photo: [Internees resting during winter] Source: Canadian First World War Internment Recognition Fund
Photo: Guards and internees at Castle Mountain internment camp, Alberta. [ca. 1915] Source: Glenbow Museum/NA-5263-1
Photo: Working activities at internment camp, 1914-1920. Source: Library and Archives Canada/PA-170423
Photo: Otter Internment Camp, Yoho National Park, B.C. 1916. Source: Library and Archives Canada/C-081360
Photo Women and children prisoners of internment camp, ca. 1914-1920. Spirit Lake Internment Camp, Abitibi, Quebec Source: Library and Archives Canada/PA-170620
Photo: Internees at internment camp, Castle Mountain, Alberta. 1915. Source: Glenbow Museum/NA-1870-17
Photo: Deux prisonniers au camp d'internement de Spirit Lake, en Abitibi (Québec) 1914-1920. Source: Library and Archives Canada/ PA-170451

Training Polish Soldiers, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario

Painting: Polish Soldiers Bathing at Niagara; artist C.W. Jefferys (1918) Courtesy of Canadian War Museum
Photo: Recruits at the Polish military camp, Niagara, [Ont.], 8 November, 1917. Source: Library and Archives Canada/Credit: John Boyd/PA-071288
Photo: French private in Polish military camp, [Niagara, Ont.], 8 November, 1917. Source: Library and Archives Canada/Credit: John Boyd/PA-071288
Poster: Armia Polska We Francji /Polish Army in France. 1914-1918 Source: Library and Archives Canada/C-137303
Photo of C.W. Jefferys (1930) Source: Archives of Ontario/Credit: M.O. Hammond
Photo: Group photograph of Canadian and French officers in the Polish Army camp at Niagara-on-the-Lake, 15 January 1919. © IWM (Q 110394)
Film: Canadian Official War Films (First World War) [1914-1917] Source: Library and Archives Canada /ISN 188460
Photo: Bulgars in the Polish military camp at [Niagara, Ont.], 8 Nov. 1917. Source: Library and Archives Canada/Credit: John Boyd/PA-071287
Photo: Troops of the Polish Blue Army being reviewed by a French Army commander at the training centre at Sillé-le-Guillaume, 1917. © IWM (HU 110897)
Poster: Sladami Ojcow Naszych W Szeregach Armii Polskiej Za Ojczyzne I Wolnosc / Following the paths of our fathers in the ranks of the Polish Army for Motherland and Freedom. 1914-1918. Source: Library and Archives Canada/C-137304
Photo: Elizabeth C. Ascher with two Polish soldiers. July 27, 1918. Source: St. Mark's Archives
Elizabeth C. Ascher, standing at the Polish soldiers' Cross of Sacrifice in the Polish Military Cemetery at Niagara-on-the-Lake. July 17, 1933. Source: St. Mark's Archives
Photo: Polish Annual Pilgrimage 1939. Source: St. Catharines Museum/The Standard Collection/S1939.48.5.14

Dominion Arsenal, Artillery Park National Historic Site, Quebec City, Quebec

Map of Dominion Government Arsenal. Courtesy of Parks Canada
Photo: Cartridge Department Dominion Arsenal, November 9 th 1917. Courtesy of Parks Canada
Diagram of bullet for cartridge S.A. Ball .303 inch. Courtesy of Parks Canada
Film: Canadian Official War Films (First World War) [1914-1917] Source: Library and Archives Canada /188460
Photo: [Man with moustache and cap at shell factory] [ca. 1915] Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033
Photo: [Geraldine Parent and friends], 1929. Courtesy of Parks Canada
Photo: [Workers at Cove Fields, 1902] Courtesy of Parks Canada
Photo: Woman worker operates a machine at the Dominion Arsenals Ltd. plant in front of a statue of the Sacred Heart, 24 August 1942. Source: Library and Archives Canada/Credit: Harry Rowed/National Film Board fonds/MIKAN 3196118
Photo: Laurette Maurice, a checker with the Dominion Arsenals Plant, examines .303 shell casings, 24 August 1942 Source: Library and Archives Canada/Credit: Harry Rowed/National Film Board fonds/MIKAN 3196130
Photos of workers and buildings at Cove Fields, St. Malo and Valcartier plants (1910 – 1918). Courtesy of Parks Canada
Photo: [Female shell factory workers] [ca. 1915] Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033
Photo: [Female workers from Cove Fields Plant], 1915. Courtesy of Parks Canada
Photo: [Two female workers from Cote de Palais Plant], 1915. Courtesy of Parks Canada
Photos: Shell manufacturing, Dominion Arsenals, Quebec [ca. 1915] Source: Special Collections and University Archives, University of Victoria/William Okell Holden Dodds fonds (SC345)/Credit: J.A. Millar/Acc. 1999-033
Photo: 18 Por Q.F. Section, Cartridge Factory, Dominion Arsenal, Quebec, PQ, December 1917. Courtesy of Parks Canada

War Horses - Bar U Ranch National Historic Site, Longview, Alberta

Photo: View of Bar U Ranch, Pekisko, Alberta, 1916. Source: Glenbow Archives NA-1075-1
Photo: Gasoline tanks on wagon pulled by Frank Coutts' Percheron team, Turner Valley, Alberta, [ca. 1914-1917] Source: Glenbow Archives NA-5262-6
Photo: A soldier sits by the horse lines, 1914. © IWM (Q 53139)
Photo: An ammunition wagon drawn by a 10 horse team gets into difficulties in the mud. Track leading to High Wood, October 1916. © IWM (Q 4369)
Photo: Percherons in Corral, Bar U Ranch, High River area, Alberta. [ca. 1916] Source: Glenbow Archives NA-2046-10
Photo: Percheron horses at Bar U Ranch, Pekisko, Alberta. [ca. 1916] Source: Glenbow Archives PD-299-45
Photo: A horse-drawn wagon taking troops back from the line through the snow-covered ruins of Ypres, 8 January 1918. © IWM (Q 8414)
Photo: Horse team of the Royal Field Artillery pulling an 18 pounder field gun up the slope of a cutting through the bank of the Canal du Nord near Moeuvres, 27 September 1918. © IWM (Q 9347)
[Horse in gas mask] Canadian Army Veterinary Corps Headquarters. 1916 Source: Library and Archives Canada/Department of National Defence fonds/PA-005001
The 1st Corps Horse Show, Bruay, 20 August 1918. A horse-drawn field ambulance wagon in the prize-winners park. © IWM (Q 11180)
Photo: Pack horses transporting ammunition to the 20th Battery, Canadian Field Artillery, 1917. Source: Library and Archives Canada/Credit: W.I. Castle/PA-001231
Film: Canadian Official War Films (First World War) [1914-1917] Source: Library and Archives Canada /188460
Photo: Battle of Hazebrouck. Scene on a road near Merris, 12 April 1918. Stretcher bearers taking back a wounded; a dead horse, and small vehicles abandoned by refugees. © IWM (Q 10292)
Photo: Two Scottish soldiers checking wrecked limbers and dead horses, the result of an air attack. © IWM (Q 27289)
Photo: Dead horses in the rubble-strewn square outside the ruined Cathedral at Ypres, March 1915. © IWM (Q 61643)
Photo: Six horse team of Percherons, Bar U Ranch, Pekisko, Alberta, 1916. Source: Glenbow Archives PD-299-50

Chinese Labour Corps - William Head Institution, Metchosin, BC

Photos courtesy of: Kim Rempel Metchosin School Museum Society William Head Library, Chinese Labour Corps Exhibit
Film: Film: Canadian Official War Films (First World War) [1914-1917] Source: Library and Archives Canada /ISN 188460
Photo: Chinese labourers washing tanks at the Central Workshops, Tank Corps. Teneur, spring 1918 © IWM (Q 9900)
Photo: Men of the Chinese Labour Corps unloading duck boards at a railway siding at Ytres, 2 February 1918. © IWM (Q 8448)
Riveters of the 51st Chinese Labour Company at work at the Central Workshops, Tank Corps. Teneur, spring 1918. © IWM (Q 9862)
Chinese Labourer carrying dixies in native fashion, by means of a pole balanced over the shoulder, Boismont-Abbeville, May 1918. © IWM (Q 8154)

The Explosion, Halifax, Nova Scotia

<p>Photo: Ships in the harbour after the Explosion, 6 December 1917. Source: Nova Scotia Archives/Credit: James Burn Russell/2007-062</p>
<p>Photo: Halifax disaster - explosion. 6 Dec. 1917. Source: Library and Archives Canada/C-001832</p>
<p>Photo: General view of Halifax N. S. after explosion Dec. 6th 1917 from water front. Source: Library and Archives Canada/C-019950</p>
<p>Photo: Looking north from grain elevator towards Acadia Sugar Refinery..., ca. 1900 Source: Nova Scotia Archives/N-7014</p>
<p>Photo: [Pre-explosion SS Imo] Source: Norwegian Maritime Museum</p>
<p>Photo: Halifax, N.W., 1918 Source: Nova Scotia Archives Map Collection: V5 1: 31 680. 133a</p>
<p>Photo: Stern of Mont-Blanc before the explosion during a prewar visit to Halifax, Aug. 15, 1900. Source: Maritime Museum of the Atlantic, MP18.196.11, N-4,395</p>
<p>Photo: View of Halifax, Nova Scotia, after disaster, Dec. 6, 1917. Looking from Pier 8. Source: Library and Archives Canada/C-019947/Credit: W.G. MacLaughlan</p>
<p>Photo: Plan of the city of Halifax, Nova Scotia [cartographic material]:[radius of blast of explosion]. [ca. 1916] Source: Library and Archives Canada/R112-644-2-E/MIKAN 165552</p>
<p>Photo: Smoke cloud from the Halifax Explosion...6 December 1917. Source: Nova Scotia Archives/Halifax Relief Commission fond/1976-166 no. 106/N-2373</p>
<p>Photo: View from the waterfront of damage caused by the Halifax Explosion, 6 December 1917 . Source: Library and Archives Canada/C-006967/Credit: W.G. MacLaughlan</p>
<p>Photo: Damage caused by the Halifax Explosion at the north end of Campbell Road, 6 Dec. 1917 Source: Library and Archives Canada/C-003625B</p>
<p>Photo: Collapsed buildings of Nova Scotia Car Works on Clifton Street near St. Albans Street, Halifax, with Bloomfield School in background at right, 11 February 1918. Source: Nova Scotia Archives/Credit: Gauvin & Gentzel/Charles Vaughan fonds/N-7036</p>
<p>Photo: Dead in Halifax. Source: Library of Congress/LC-DIG-ggbain-25898</p>
<p>Photo: Emergency Relief Hospital in the YMCA after Halifax Explosion. Credit: Nova Scotia Archives/Credit: W.G. MacLaughlan/N-7024 [c. 1917-1918]</p>
<p>Photo: Injured in hospital after Halifax explosion, December 1917. Source: City of Toronto Archives/Fonds 1244, Item 2437</p>
<p>Film: Hope and Survival: Halifax Explosion Memorial Project, by Teresa MacInnes and Kent Nason (Sea to Sea Productions Ltd.), 2014.</p>
<p>Photo: Makeshift hospital in gymnasium after Halifax explosion, December, 1917. Source: City of Toronto Archives/Fonds 1244, Item 2440</p>
<p>Photo: St. Mary's Hospital after Halifax explosion, 1917. Source: City of Toronto Archives/Fonds 1244, Item 1782</p>
<p>Photo: Devastated house, north section of Duffus Street, Halifax. Source: Maritime Museum of the Atlantic, NS/ Charles A Vaughan Collection/MP207.1.184/35</p>
<p>Photo: YMCA Emergency Hospital. Source: Maritime Museum of the Atlantic, Kitz Collection/MP207.1.184/216</p>
<p></p>

The Sniper from Rigolet - Lance Corporal John Shiwak, Royal Newfoundland Regiment, Rigolet, Labrador

Film: Canadian Official War Films (First World War) [1914-1917] Source: Library and Archives Canada /ISN 188460
Photo: Boats at Rigolet waiting for the [SS] Kyle, 1930. Source: The Rooms Provincial Archives of Newfoundland and Labrador/VA 110-41.2
Photo: [John Shiwak] Source: Veterans Affairs Canada/Credit: Lincoln Shiwak
Photo: Wilfred filling drinking water barrels from an ice hole in the river [1917]. Source: The Rooms Provincial Archives of Newfoundland and Labrador /VA 16-24
[Hunter, 1901-1904] Source: Library and Archives Canada/e008299871
Photo: Cleaning seal skins, [192-] Source: The Rooms Provincial Archives of Newfoundland and Labrador /VA 104-67.1
Photo: Eskimo at Rigolet, 1930. Source: The Rooms Provincial Archives of Newfoundland and Labrador/VA 110-42.2
Photo: Crossing ice-congested run, near Rigolet [1920-1921] Source: The Rooms Provincial Archives of Newfoundland and Labrador/VA 16-16
Attestation papers of John Shiwak. Source: Shiwak family
Photo: [Post card to Louisa from John Shiwak, August 24, 1914] Source: Canadian Virtual War Memorial/Veterans Affairs Canada
Photo: John Shiwak [in kilt], 1914 - 1918 Source: Canadian Virtual War Memorial/Veterans Affairs Canada
Photo: Seal hunting, Labrador [ca. 1910]. Source: The Rooms Provincial Archives of Newfoundland and Labrador/A 68-64
Photo: John Shiwak, Royal Newfoundland Regiment # 1735. Source: The Rooms Provincial Archives of Newfoundland and Labrador/Credit: Holloway Studio/E 29-45

War Trophies, Sites in Prince Edward Island

<p>Photo: Trench mortar referred to as "minenwerfers" used by the German armies in the Canal du Nord during the Canadian advance east of Arras. Source: Library and Archives Canada/PA-003200</p>
<p>Film: Vimy Ridge [Vimy Ridge : Canadian Operations April 9, 1917] (1917-04-01) Source: Library and Archives Canada. Canadian Broadcasting Corporation : Canadian Film Institute fonds, 1972-0108. IDC: 25255</p>
<p>Photo: Sir Arthur G. Doughty. Source: Library and Archives Canada/C-001888</p>
<p>Photo: Dr. Arthur Doughty, second from left, and Major Gustave Lanctôt, right, at Soissons, France, Sept. 6, 1916. Source: Library and Archives Canada/C-051858</p>
<p>Photo: A German machine gun crew, probably of the 18th Infantry Regiment, manning their Maxim machine gun, 1918. © IWM (Q 87923)</p>
<p>Photo: Crew of German gunners manning a field gun, September 1918. © IWM (Q 54414)</p>
<p>Film: Canadian Official War Films (First World War) [1914-1917] Source: Library and Archives Canada /188460</p>
<p>Photo: Workman observes ladles pouring molten steel at the Stelco Steel Company of Canada's open hearth furnaces, March 1944. Source: Library and Archives Canada/Credit: Ronny Jaques/ National Film Board of Canada fonds/MIKAN 3198040</p>
<p>Photo: Forging press making rough blank of gun barrel at steel plant. December 1940. Source: Library and Archives Canada/National Film Board of Canada fonds/PA-117536</p>

Heart of the Nation, Peace Tower Parliament Hill, Ottawa, Ontario

Photo: John A. Pearson

Source: House of Commons Heritage Collection

Technical drawing: New Centre Block, Houses of Parliament, Ottawa. Floor plan of memorial chamber and ante room with details, 1925.

Source: Library and Archives Canada/79003/29 CA